

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

2 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

3 SAN JOSE DIVISION

4

5 JENS ERIK SORENSEN, as Trustee of
6 SORENSEN RESEARCH AND
7 DEVELOPMENT TRUST,Case No. C08-00095 JW RS
[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER

8 Plaintiff,

The Honorable James Ware

9 v.

10 LEXAR MEDIA, INC., a Delaware corporation;
11 and DOES 1 - 100,

Defendants.

12 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

13 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
 14 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public
 15 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted.
 16 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated
 17 Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on
 18 all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the
 19 limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as
 20 confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this
 21 Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local
 22 Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be
 23 applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

24 2. DEFINITIONS

25 2.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,
 26 employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

27 2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the
 28 medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,

1 transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
 2 discovery in this matter.

3 2.3 “Confidential” Information or Items: information (regardless of how generated,
 4 stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards developed
 5 under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

6 2.4 “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” Information or Items: extremely
 7 sensitive “Confidential Information or Items” whose disclosure to another Party or nonparty
 8 would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive
 9 means.

10 2.5 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
 11 Producing Party.

12 2.6 Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
 13 Material in this action.

14 2.7. Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or items
 15 that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “Confidential” or “Highly
 16 Confidential — Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

17 2.8 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
 18 “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

19 2.9. Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are
 20 retained to represent or advise a Party in this action.

21 2.10 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party.

22 2.11 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as
 23 their support staffs).

24 2.12 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
 25 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert
 26 witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or
 27 of a competitor of a Party’s and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an
 28 employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party’s. This definition includes a professional jury or

1 trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

2 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support
 3 services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations;
 4 organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and
 5 subcontractors.

6 3. SCOPE

7 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected
 8 Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all
 9 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or
 10 presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected
 11 Material.

12 4. DURATION

13 Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed
 14 by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a
 15 court order otherwise directs.

16 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

17 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each
 18 Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take
 19 care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate
 20 standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of
 21 material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions
 22 of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are
 23 not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

24 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that
 25 are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
 26 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary
 27 expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

28 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it

1 designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of
 2 protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is
 3 withdrawing the mistaken designation.

4 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this
 5 Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
 6 material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the
 7 material is disclosed or produced.

8 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

9 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions or
 10 other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL”
 11 or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” at the top of each page that
 12 contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
 13 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
 14 appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection
 15 being asserted (either “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’
 16 EYES ONLY”).

17 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for
 18 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
 19 which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the
 20 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed “HIGHLY
 21 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” After the inspecting Party has identified the
 22 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents,
 23 or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified
 24 documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend (“CONFIDENTIAL” or
 25 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”) at the top of each page that
 26 contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
 27 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
 28 appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection

1 being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS'
 2 EYES ONLY").

3 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that
 4 the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the
 5 close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify
 6 any portions of the testimony that qualify as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS'
 7 EYES ONLY." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is
 8 entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify
 9 for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on
 10 the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 20 days to
 11 identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the
 12 level of protection being asserted ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –
 13 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately
 14 designated for protection within the 20 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Protective
 15 Order.

16 Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the
 17 court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or
 18 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," as instructed by the Party or
 19 nonparty offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

20 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any
 21 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
 22 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL"
 23 or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only portions of the
 24 information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall
 25 identify the protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as "Confidential" or as "Highly
 26 Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only."

27 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
 28 designate qualified information or items as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys'

1 Eyes Only" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection
 2 under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as "Confidential" or
 3 "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" after the material was initially produced, the
 4 Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure
 5 that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6 **6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

7 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's
 8 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary
 9 economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not
 10 waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge
 11 promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

12 6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating
 13 Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by
 14 conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient)
 15 with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis
 16 for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating
 17 Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no
 18 change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging
 19 Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet
 20 and confer process first.

21 6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a
 22 confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party
 23 may file and serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule
 24 79-5, if applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the
 25 challenge. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that
 26 the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding
 27 paragraph and that sets forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation
 28 that was given by the Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

1 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the
2 Designating Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the
3 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's
4 designation.

5 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

6 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
7 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for
8 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be
9 disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order.
10 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of
11 section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

12 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
13 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under
14 this Order.

15 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise
16 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may
17 disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

18 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as
19 employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this
20 litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached
21 hereto as Exhibit A;

22 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the
23 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have
24 signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

25 (c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
26 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by
27 Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

28 (d) the Court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A). Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

(g) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

7.3 Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"

Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) House Counsel of a Receiving Party (1) who has no involvement in competitive decision-making involving injection molding techniques, (2) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, and (3) who has signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, (2) who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A), and (3) as to whom the procedures set forth in paragraph 7.4, below, have been followed:

(d) the Court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by

1 Protective Order" (Exhibit A); and

2 (f) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

3 7.4 Procedures for Approving Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –
 4 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items to "Experts"

5 (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed in writing by the Designating
 6 Party, a Party that seeks to disclose to an "Expert" (as defined in this Order) any information or
 7 item that has been designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" first
 8 must make a written request to the Designating Party that (1) sets forth the full name of the
 9 Expert and the city and state of his or her primary residence, (2) attaches a copy of the Expert's
 10 current resume, (3) identifies the Expert's current employer(s), (4) identifies each person or entity
 11 from whom the Expert has received compensation for work in his or her areas of expertise or to
 12 whom the expert has provided professional services at any time during the preceding five years,
 13 and (5) identifies (by name and number of the case, filing date, and location of court) any
 14 litigation in connection with which the Expert has provided any professional services during the
 15 preceding five years.

16 (b) A Party that makes a request and provides the information specified in the
 17 preceding paragraph may disclose the subject Protected Material to the identified Expert unless,
 18 within seven court days of delivering the request, the Party receives a written objection from the
 19 Designating Party. Any such objection must set forth in detail the grounds on which it is based.

20 (c) A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and confer with the
 21 Designating Party (through direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the matter by
 22 agreement. If no agreement is reached, the Party seeking to make the disclosure to the Expert may
 23 file a motion as provided in Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if
 24 applicable) seeking permission from the court to do so. Any such motion must describe the
 25 circumstances with specificity, set forth in detail the reasons for which the disclosure to the
 26 Expert is reasonably necessary, assess the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail and
 27 suggest any additional means that might be used to reduce that risk. In addition, any such motion
 28 must be accompanied by a competent declaration in which the movant describes the parties'

1 efforts to resolve the matter by agreement (i.e., the extent and the content of the meet and confer
 2 discussions) and sets forth the reasons advanced by the Designating Party for its refusal to
 3 approve the disclosure.

4 In any such proceeding the Party opposing disclosure to the Expert shall bear the
 5 burden of proving that the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail (under the safeguards
 6 proposed) outweighs the Receiving Party's need to disclose the Protected Material to its Expert.

7 **8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN
 8 OTHER LITIGATION.**

9 If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation
 10 that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as
 11 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the
 12 Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) immediately
 13 and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such
 14 notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

15 The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who
 16 caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered
 17 by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party
 18 must deliver a copy of this Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused
 19 the subpoena or order to issue.

20 The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the
 21 existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity
 22 to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued.
 23 The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court
 24 of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or
 25 encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

26 **9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

27 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
 28 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated

1 Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating
 2 Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected
 3 Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the
 4 terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and
 5 Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

6 10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL. Without written permission from the
 7 Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a
 8 Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to
 9 file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

10 11. FINAL DISPOSITION. Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the
 11 Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party
 12 must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, "all
 13 Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of
 14 reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the
 15 Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead
 16 of returning it. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must
 17 submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the
 18 Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all
 19 the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has
 20 not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or
 21 capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to
 22 retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda,
 23 correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any
 24 such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective
 25 Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above.

26 12. MISCELLANEOUS

27 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person
 28 to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

1 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective
 2 Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
 3 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no
 4 Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered
 5 by this Protective Order.

6 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

7
 8 DATED: July 2, 2008

/s/ J. Michael Kaler

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 10 MELODY A. KRAMER (Bar No. 169984)
 11 mak@kramerlawip.com
 12 9930 Mesa Rim Road, Suite 1600
 13 San Diego, CA 92121
 14 Telephone: (858) 362-3150

15 J. MICHAEL KALER (Bar No. 158296)
 16 michael@kalerlaw.com
 17 KALER LAW OFFICES
 18 9930 Mesa Rim Road, Suite 200
 19 San Diego, CA 92121
 20 Telephone: (858) 362-3151
 21 *Attorneys for Plaintiff, JENS ERIK*
 22 *SORENSEN, as Trustee of SORENSEN*
 23 *RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT TRUST*

24 DATED: July 2, 2008

/s/ Jared Bobrow

25 JARED BOBROW (Bar No. 133712)
 26 jared.bobrow@weil.com
 27 JOSEPH H. LEE (Bar No. 248046)
 28 joseph.lee@weil.com
 WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP
 201 Redwood Shores Parkway
 Redwood Shores, CA 94065
 Telephone: (650) 802-3000
 Facsimile: (650) 802-3100
Attorneys for Defendant, LEXAR MEDIA, INC.

29 **PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.**

30 DATED: July ___, 2008

Honorable James Ware
 U.S. District Judge

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on _____ [date] in the case of _____ **[insert formal name of the case and the number and initials assigned to it by the court]**. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
_____ [print or type full address and telephone number] as my
California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to
enforcement of this Protective Order.

Date:

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name:

[printed name]

Signature:

[signature]